MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI M.M. JACOB): (a) No, Sir.

(b) to (d) Does not arise.

Outfits in North East States

3104. SHRI DAVID LEDGER: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the names of outfits indulging in armed insurgency in the States of North East;

(b) what is the number of these outfits that have banned their names; and

(c) what is the number of people killed by each of these outfits Statewise in 1992?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI M.M. JACOB): (a) to (c) A Statement is enclosed.

Statement

Outfits in Noth Eastern States

(a) **Nagaland:**

1. National Socialist Council of Nagaland (Isak faction-NSCN-I)/Khaplang faction (NSCN-K)
2. Federal Government of Nagaland/Naga National Council (Adino faction-NFG/NNC-A).

Manipur

1. United National Liberation Front (UNLF).
2. People's Liberation Army (PLA).
3. People's Revolutionary Party of Kangleipak (PREPAK).
4. Kangleipak Communist Party (KCP)

Mizoram

1. Hmar People's Convention (HPC).

Assam

1. United Liberation Front of Assam (ULFA).
2. Bodo Security force (BSF)
3. Bodo Voluntary Force (BVF/ABSU).

(b) **Tripura**

1. All Tripura Tribal Force (ATTF).
2. National Liberation Front of Tripura (NLFT).

1. NSCN-I & NSCN-K banned since November, 1990-extended upto November , 1994.
2. PLA, PREPAK and KCP banned since October, 1979 and extended upto October, 1993.
3. UNLF banned since October, 1985-extended upto October, 1993.
4. ULFA banned since November, 1990-extended upto November, 1994.
5. Bodo security Force banned on 23rd November, 1992 for two years.

(c) Figures upto December 4, 1992:

(c)	State	Outfit	No. of persons killed
	Nagaland	NSCN-K	29
		NSCN-I	39
		NFG	3
	Manipur	PLA	57
		UNLF	2
		PREPAK	2
		NSCN-I	34
	Mizoram	HPC	7
	Assam	ULFA	38
		Bodo Security Force/ABSU (BVF)	118
	Tripura	ATTF	41
		NLFT	4

दिल्ली में कार-चोरियों के मामले

3105. **श्री शंकर दयाल सिंह:** क्या **गृह** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) एक वर्ष के दौरान दिल्ली में कार चोरी की कितनी घटनाएं हुई;

(ख) क्या सरकार को इस क्षेत्र में सक्रिय किसी गिरोह की कोई जानकारी है; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो कारों की चोरी करने वाले ऐसे गिरोहों का सफाया करने के लिए सरकार द्वारा क्या कार्यवाही की गई है?

संसदीय कार्य मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री और गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री एम० एम० जैकब): (क) 1-12-1991 से 31-11-1992 तक दिल्ली में कार-चोरी के 922 मामले दर्ज किए गए।

(ख) और (ग) जी हां, श्रीमान्। पुलिस ने कार चोरी के 12 गिरोहों को पकड़ा है।

Critical Remarks about Jammu & Kashmir by British Journalists

3106. SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that recently two British journalists alongwith Labour Party Leader, Lord Aveburg visited Kashmir and gave press release criticising Government of India on the situation prevailing in Kashmir; and

(b) if so, what is the reaction of Government of India towards this press conference by the British journalists?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI M.M. JACOB): (a) and (b) Two British Nationals — Tim Gopsill and Ms. Janina Struck visited the Valley in their personal capacity from August 29th to September 1st 1992. Lord Avebury, Chairman of the Parliamentarly Human Rights Group, U.K. did not accompany them. He gave a press release in London on September 28, 1992, to announce a Press Conference on October, 2nd, 1992. The press release which claimed to be based on the finding of these two persons, was full of distortions and concoctions. A comprehensive response was sent to our High Commission in London, who issued a detailed press release on